

Name _____

Score _____

VOCABULARY TEST #1

Introduction to Theology

1. The study of the last things is called _____.
2. Theology that is done to defend the faith against those who oppose outside the church is called _____.
3. _____ is the study of the nature of the Church.
4. The study of the nature, transmission, canonization, and purpose of Scripture is called _____.
5. _____ is the study of the nature of humanity both in its pre-fall and post-fall state.
6. _____ is the study of salvation.
7. _____ is a transdenominational term used to describe those within Christianity who believe that salvation is found in faith alone through Christ alone, and a commitment to Scripture as the inspired and infallible rule of life.
8. A theological formation that summarizes belief about a particular theological discipline is called _____.
9. _____ is a system of studying theology which draws from all sources of revelation in order to come to systematic conclusions about what has been revealed about the various theological disciplines.
10. Theology that is done peaceably, accurately representing all views, even when you oppose them is called _____.



Introduction to Theology

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VOCABULARY TEST #2

Introduction to Theology

1. The belief that truth is relative, dependent upon the situation or culture is called _____.
2. _____ is theology that emphasizes mystery.
3. The movement in modern society that devalues truth, believing all truth is relative is called _____.
4. _____ is the belief that all will make it to Heaven.
5. The belief that truth is subjective, dependent upon the individual is called _____.
6. The belief that salvation is only through Christ, but Christ may be revealed in other religions is called _____.
7. _____ is the study of the nature, existence, and acquisition of truth.
8. _____ is the view that the supernatural spiritual gifts ceased with the death of the Apostles.
9. _____ is the belief that truth is relative to its usefulness.
10. _____ is the belief that truth cannot be known with certainty.

Bonus:

11. The reformation principle that theology is “always reforming” is called what?



Introduction to Theology